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New Zealand

Exporter Guide

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Report Highlights:

New Zealand's imports of consumer-oriented agricultural products have trended upward over the past several years and in 2014 it reached US\$392 million in comparison to US\$124 million in 2006. The United States had a market share of 15% in consumer-oriented products exported to New Zealand. Leading imports of consumer-oriented food products from the United States include lactose, food preparations, petfood, frozen meat, fresh grapes, dry almonds, fresh oranges, bread/pastry products, and raisins.

Post:

Wellington

SECTION I: MARKET OVERVIEW

Overview

New Zealand lies in the southwest Pacific Ocean, consisting of two main islands and several smaller islands. It is comparable in size to Japan and has a population of 4.55 million people (2014). It is a largely urbanized society with over half of the population residing in the four largest cities: Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch and Hamilton. According to Statistics New Zealand, approximately one-third of New Zealanders live in Auckland.

Econ					
	2011 2012 2013				
Population	4.40 million	4.45million	4.50million	4.55million	
Per Capita GDP	31,978	32,352	33,287	34,211	
GDP Growth (%)	1.5%	1.9%	2.3%	3.2%	
Unemployment Rate	6.3%*	6.8%	5.9%	5.7%	
Consumer Price Inflation	1.8%*	0.9%	1.6%	0.8%	
Food Price Inflation	2.9%*	-1.0%	1.5%	1.0%	

Source: Stats New Zealand, Reserve Bank of New Zealand and Global Trade Atlas.

Notes: GDP is a March 31 year using a chain volume series in 1995/96 prices; () Year ending Sept/Oct 2011

Source: Statistics New Zealand

The majority of New Zealanders are of European descent. However, the country has an increasingly multi-cultural population.

New Zealand is highly dependent on the primary sector with agricultural products accounting for approximately 55% of total exports. The figure increases to 65% when forestry and seafood are included. An estimated 80-90% of New Zealand's primary production is exported.

US and New Zealand: Bilateral Total Agricultural Exports (US Dollars)									
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014									
US Exports to NZ (million)	\$220,554	\$252,427	\$298,212	\$385,289	\$424,362	\$481,453			
NZ Exports to US	\$1,561,087	\$1,671,622	\$2,008,247	\$2,243,787	\$2,151,942	\$2,685,910			

Source: Year ending December, Global Trade Atlas

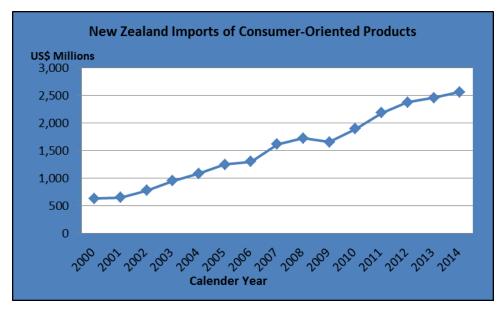
China is New Zealand's top destination for agricultural, forestry and fishery exports followed by United States and Australia. Leading exports include beef meat, dairy products (milk protein concentrate, casein, and caseinates), wine, sheepmeat, lumber, fresh apples, and kiwifruit. By contrast, New Zealand ranks as the 42th largest market for U.S. agricultural exports. Leading U.S. agricultural exports to the New Zealand market include lactose products, food preparations, pet food, frozen pork, dry almonds, animal feed, fresh grapes, fresh oranges, whey and milk products, nuts, citrus fruits and stone fruit.

New Zealand is the largest market for U.S. lactose products, sixth largest market for U.S. pet food, the seventh largest for USA fresh fruits (peaches, plums and nectarines) and the 12th largest market for fresh oranges.

Consumer-Oriented Food Product Trade

As shown in the graph below, New Zealand's imports of consumer-oriented agricultural products have trended upward over the past several years. In 2014, U.S. exports of consumer-oriented food products to New Zealand reached US\$392 million in comparison to US\$130 million in 2006. Australia is the leading supplier of consumer-oriented food products with a 36% market share, followed by the United States at 15.5% and China at 4%.

Leading consumer-oriented imports from Australia include, food preparations (including food crystals, powders, nut pastes etc.), bread/pastry products, wine, cocoa products, frozen meat, non-alcoholic beverages, sugar confectionery, cat and dog food etc. Leading imports from the United States include lactose, food preparations, dog and cat food, frozen meat, fresh grapes, dry almonds, fresh oranges, bread/pastry products, raisins etc. Top imports from China include sugar confectionery products, bread/pastry products, peanuts, frozen vegetables, apple juice, cookies, pasta, sauces, fresh garlic etc. (Source: Global Trade Atlas)



Source: Global Trade Atlas

Advantages and Challenges for U.S. Consumer Food Exporters

Advantages	Challenges
Familiar business and cultural environment and no language barriers	New Zealand labeling laws are different from those in the U.S.
U.S. products tend to enjoy a quality reputation along with novelty status	Growing competition from Malaysia and China in the consumer-oriented food category
Minimum barriers to trade including	Strict phytosanitary/sanitary regulations with regard to

low tariffs ranging between 0 and 5%	fresh produce and meats
season due to the counter seasonal nature of the markets	Consumer foods imported from Australia are duty free, while U.S. products are assessed tariffs between 0 and 5%. Some Canadian products have preferential tariff
Some supermarkets make individual buying decisions	treatment.
Ease of doing business and size of market make it a good fit for new-to-export and small to medium companies	New Zealand retail market is highly consolidated and dominated by two supermarket chains
NZ practices a science-based approach to trade	Distance from United States results in high transportation costs

SECTION II: EXPORTER BUSINESS TIPS

- New Zealand is a well-developed market. Establishing good working relationships with importers/distributors is key to entering the New Zealand marketplace. Approximately 90% of all imported food products are purchased and distributed within New Zealand by importers/distributors.
- New Zealand supermarkets mainly purchase imported products from importers and distributors rather than importing directly. In the case of Foodstuffs, interested U.S. exporters should contact each of the regional offices directly as they can make buying decisions independently of each other. (Please see Section V for contact information.)
- Tariffs assessed on U.S. food products range from zero to 5%. Tariff rates can be checked at on the New Zealand Customs website. New Zealand Working Tariff Document
- General sales tax (GST) on domestic and imported products is 15%.
- The cost of international freight can be a fairly significant percentage of the final cost of a product. U.S. exporters can contact freight forwarders in the United States to determine transportation cost. New Zealand importers and distributors can arrange shipment with the help of customs brokers in New Zealand.
- For complete guide on import duties and charges, please check this link <u>New Zealand</u> Customs duties and charges
- High quality products with innovative packaging and unique features that are price competitive tend to do well in the New Zealand market.
- Fresh U.S. produce is an especially welcome addition to New Zealand retail shelves during winter in the Southern Hemisphere.
- Innovative, environmentally-friendly packaging has an advantage in retail food products.
- New Zealand has strict food standards and labeling requirements that are set out in the
 Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code. U.S. exporters are encouraged to review the
 Food and Agriculture Import Regulations and Standards (FAIRS) report for New Zealand
 which contains detailed information on New Zealand's food standards, labeling
 requirements, import regulations, etc. This report can be viewed at the following site:
 http://www.fas.usda.gov/scriptsw/attacherep/default.htm

SECTION III: MARKET STRUCTURE AND TRENDS

Retail Grocery Sector

The retail grocery market in New Zealand is well-developed with supermarkets, small-scale grocery

stores, fresh food specialty stores and convenience stores in all of the major population centers. New Zealand's food expenditures were valued at over NZ\$25 billion (US\$19.7 billion) and include expenditures in supermarkets, convenience stores.

Two supermarket chains, Foodstuffs (NZ) Limited and Progressive Enterprises Limited, dominate the New Zealand retail sector. Foodstuffs (NZ) Ltd. has an estimated 55% share of the New Zealand grocery market and Progressive Enterprises has an estimated 43% share.

New Zealand Retail Market Distribution

Supermarket Group	Ownership	Market Share	Store Names
Foodstuffs (NZ) Ltd	New Zealand owned; made up of three independently owned co-operatives	55%	 New World- Full service supermarkets Pak'n'Save-Foodbarn/retail food warehouses Write Price-Foodbarn/retail food warehouses Four Square-Convenience grocery stores On the Spot-Convenience stores
Progressive Enterprises	Owned by Woolsworths Limited (Australia)	43%	 Woolworth- Full service supermarkets Woolworth Quick & Micro- Convenience stores
Independent Grocery Stores	New Zealand Owned	2%	Ethnic ShopsAsian Grocery storesIndependent Green Grocers

Source: Coriolis Research, June 2010

Foodstuffs (NZ) Limited has 722 stores including 139 New World, 50 Pak N Save, 282 Four Square, 147 On the Spot, 3 Write Price, 2 Shoprite, 78 Liquorland 3 Raeward Fresh Food, 18 Henry's Beer and Wine stores. The organization is comprised of cooperatives: Foodstuffs North Island Ltd, and Foodstuffs South Island Limited. Interested U.S. exporters should contact each of the regional Foodstuffs offices as they make some buying decisions independently of each other. (Please see Section V for contact information.)

Progressive Enterprises Limited, a subsidiary of the Australian company Woolworths Limited, has a 46% share of the New Zealand grocery market. Progressive Enterprises has, 171 Countdown, and 22 Woolworths Micro and Quickstop convenience stores.

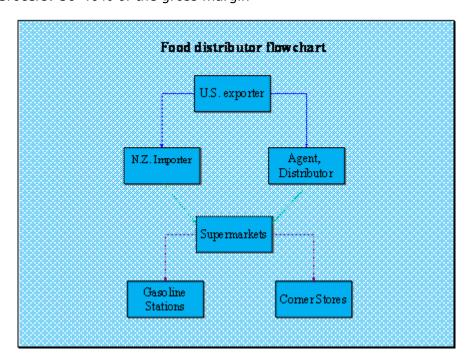
U.S. exporters interested in supplying the New Zealand market can work with importers, distributors or import brokers that target food category/merchandise managers at major wholesalers and supermarket chains. Indicative margins (as a guide only) for New Zealand importers/distributors are as follows:

-Importers: 5-20% of gross margin (i.e. percent of wholesale value)
-Distributors: 10-30% of gross margin (if funding promotional activities)

10-20% of gross margin (if not funding promotional activities)

-Supermarkets: 15-20% of the wholesale value (depending on the category)

-Independent Grocers: 30-40% of the gross margin



Market Trends

- In New Zealand, obesity rates are steadily rising. Between 1997 and 2007, the New Zealand adult obesity rate rose from 19% to 26.5%. However, at the same time the total amount of sugars consumed in New Zealand dropped from 114 grams per day to 107 grams per day, indicating that New Zealand appears to be embracing a balanced low sugar, low-carb lifestyle. (Supermarket News, 2014)
- A recent AC Nielsen research survey taken during a 30-day period in December 2014 has listed the following Top 10 favorite snacking habits in New Zealand (FMCG Dec 2014):
 - Fresh Fruit 69%
 - Chocolate 67%
 - Potato Chips/Tortilla Chips 62%
 - o Cookies 61%
 - Bread/Sandwich 56%
 - o Cheese 56%
 - Crackers 50%
 - Nuts/Seeds 46%
 - Vegetable 44%
 - Yogurt 42%

The research shows a massive untapped opportunity to gain market share in the nutritious, ready-to-go easy-to-eat snacks and meal alternatives.

- The health food category, including gluten free and organic products is worth NZ\$400 million and growing about 20% per annum (FMCG, Dec 2015).
- The same survey also revealed that 28% of New Zealanders prefer snack foods that are low in sugar or are sugar-free; 26% prefer natural flavors, 26% will opt for GMO free snacks and 25% prefer their snackfoods to be free from artificial colors and flavors (FMCG Dec 2014)
- The food retailing markets in New Zealand, while shoppers are getting more sophisticated and expect great value and a pleasant shopping experience, to retain customers, here are five trends food retailers are adopting (*Nielsen, February 2015*):
 - Supermarket growth rate is 1.9% in value and 0.6% in volume, two supermarket chains (Foodstuffs and Progressive) adopted aggressive marketing in 2015 - toys promotion with every purchase. More such promotions is expected in 2016 to find new ways to drive growth outside of pure price based promotions.
 - Convenient store layouts easy store movement, self-checkouts are now prevalent in most supermarkets.
 - Promotions remain high In New Zealand, shoppers spend \$59 out of \$100 on promotional sales items in the supermarket, one of the highest in the world.
 - Rise of private label In New Zealand, private label accounts for 14 percent of supermarket sales. Private label continue to invest in brand management activities and innovation to compete with supplier brands.
 - Online grocery sales Grocery sales were expected to grow 14.6% to NZ\$2.2 billion in 2015. Typically consumers are drawn to purchasing online because the price in favorable, retailers will be finding a commercial model that closes the price gap between bricks and mortar and online.
- A Coriolis research report, identified some emerging trends in consumption growth and consumer food product demand in New Zealand, providing an indicator of those U.S. food and beverage product exports which have the strongest prospects in the New Zealand market.. These products include:
 - o <u>Best</u> Salmon, Honey, Spirits, Cookies, Pet food, Cherries
 - o Better Chocolate, Frozen French fries, Beer, Alcoholic cider, Avocados, Berries
 - Good Jams & jellies, Capsicum, Peas, frozen & dried, Sugar confectionery, Soups & broths, Fresh onions, Prepared fish, Beef jerky

Some of these products are already exported from the U.S. to New Zealand. This report can be seen at http://www.med.govt.nz/sectors-industries/food-beverage/pdf-docs-library/information-project/coriolis-report-investors-quide.pdf

 New Zealand is the sixth largest market for U.S. pet food. In 2014, total pet food imports in the world was \$204 million in New Zealand, out of this, Australia had 44 percent market share, followed by United States at 22 percent and Netherlands 7 percent.

Product Category	Total Imports from world 2014 (US \$'000)	5 Year Average Import Annual Tariff Import Rate Growth		Key Constraints over Market Development	Market Attractiveness for U.S.
Fresh Grapes	\$35,278	14.36% Free C		NZ is a small market; competition from Chilean and Australian grapes.	High growth potential. Consumers want fruits to be available year round.
Fresh Fruits (apricots, cherries, peaches, plums)	\$1,789	13.23% Free p ir		Some consumers have a slightly negative quality perception of imported fresh fruits.	U.S. can supply counter-seasonal fruit. Consumers want fruits to be available year round.
Pears	\$5,192	1.12%	Free	Consumer resistance to unfamiliar varieties.	NZ is one of the first markets to get the fresh pear crop.
Citrus Fruit	\$24,828	7.28%	Free	Small market	New Zealand consumers appreciate quality of U.S. citrus.
Fruit and vegetable Juice	\$39,433	-2.54%	0-5%	U.S. products are expensive compared to products from some competitor countries.	Value-added juices/ concentrates with health and nutritional benefits have potential to grow.
Processed Fruits & Vegetables	\$254,288	4.64%	0-5%	U.S. products are not always price competitive with product from China and other competitors.	U.S. has a reputation of supplying good quality product. To be successful, product must be price competitive.
Dry Fruit (dates, figs, raisins)	\$33,469	4.64%	Free	U.S. is price competitive in raisins; faces tough competition in dates/figs category.	Expanding demand for good quality and healthy foods.

Dry Nuts (almonds/ walnuts/pistachios)	\$74,662	20.39% Free		Competition from Australia and other countries; need to be price competitive to maintain market share.	U.S. dry nuts are considered high quality. Market share can be expanded if price competitive and promoted as healthy and nutritional snack food.
Snack food (confectionery, cocoa product, cookies)	\$281,329	4.21%	0-5%	Australia is a leading supplier. Australia and New Zealand enjoy similar tastes/flavors in snack items.	Strong demand for convenience and snack food.
Breakfast Cereal	\$54,072	7.54%	Free	Strong competition from Australia.	Strong demand.
Pet Food	\$102,397	8.28%	0-5%	Price competitive products from Australia.	Strong demand for premium products.
Wine and Beer	\$177,935	8.20%	5%	Lack of importers handling U.S. wines	American style Zinfandel and Cabernet Sauvignon have potential to expand in this market.

SECTION V: KEY CONTACTS

Agricultural Affairs Office

Foreign Agricultural Service U.S. Department of Agriculture American Embassy 29 Fitzherbert Terrace Thorndon Wellington

Tel: +64-4-462-6030 Fax: +64-4-462-6016

Email: aqwellington@usda.gov

Foodstuffs (North Island) Co-operative Society Limited

PO Box 38-896 Kiln Street, Silverstream Wellington, New Zealand

Attn: Shanon Kelly, Group Grocery Manager Tel: +64-4-527-2510; DDI - 64-04-527-2655

Email: Shannon.kelly@foodstuffs.co.nz

Auckland:

PO Box CX12021

Auckland, New Zealand

Attn: Bruce Robertson, Import Grocery Buyer and Ashley Miranda, Import Grocery Buyer

Tel: +64-9-621-0286; 021 512 948

Email: bruce.robertson@foodstuffs.co.nz; Ashley.miranda@foodstuffs.co.nz; Michelle Gibbs

0274838806

Foodstuffs (South Island) Co-operative Society Limited

167 Main North Road,

Papanui

Christchurch, New Zealand

Attn: John Greenwood, Import Grocery Buyer; Tim Donaldson -Retail brands manager (email-

tim.donaldson@foodstuffs-si.co.nz)

Tel: +64-3-353-8648

Email: john.greenwood@foodstuffs-si.co.nz

Progressive Enterprises

Private Bag 93306

Otahuhu

Auckland, New Zealand

Attn: Steve Mills, Merchandise Manager,

Tel +64-9-255-2335;

Email: steve.mills@progressive.co.nz

Progressive Enterprises

Private Bag 93306

Otahuhu

Auckland, New Zealand

Attn: Graham Walker, Business Manager (Home brand); Steve Donahue, General Manager, Tel:

09-255-2268 Dave Chambers, Managing Director Tel: 09-255-2269

Tel: +64-9-275-2621 Tel: 09-275-2788 Email: graham.walker@progressive.co.nz

Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ)

108 The Terrace Wellington 6036 New Zealand

Tel: 64-4-978-5631 Fax: 64-4-473-9855

Internet Homepage: www.foodstandards.govt.nz

New Zealand Food Safety Authority (NZFSA)

68-86 Jervois Quay PO Box 2835 Wellington NEW ZEALAND

Phone: +64 4 463 2500 Fax: +64 4 463 2501

Email: Rebecca.mcgill@nzfsa.govt.nz

Internet Homepage: http://www.nzfsa.govt.nz

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (MAF)

PO Box 2526 Wellington New Zealand

Tel: 64-4-474-4100 Fax: 64-4-474-4111

Internet Homepage: www.maf.govt.nz

Restaurant Association of New Zealand

P.O. Box 47 244

Ponsonby

Auckland, New Zealand Phone: 64-9- 378-8403 Fax: 64-9- 378-8585

Internet Homepage: www.restaurantnz.co.nz

APPENDIX 1. STATISTICS

Table A. Key Trade and Demographic Information

Agricultural Imports from All Countries	
US\$ millions (2014)	\$4,172
U.S. Market Share	11%
Consumer Food Imports from All Countries	
US\$ millions (2014)	\$2,561
U.S. Market Share (%)	15%
Edible Fishery Imports from All Countries	
US\$ millions (2014)	\$173
U.S Market Share (%)	5%
Total Population (Millions) (Dec 2014)	4.55million
Annual Growth Rate (June 2014)	0.85%
Urban Population (Millions) (2014)	3.7
Number of Major Metropolitan Areas ¹	1
Per Capita Gross Domestic Product (US\$/2013)	\$34,211
	(NZ\$23,263)
Unemployment Rate (%) (Dec 2014)	5.6%
Percent of Female Population Employed (Sept 2014)	47%
Exchange Rate (Nov 2015)	US\$1 = NZ\$1.47

Source: Statistics New Zealand

1/ There is only one city in NZ with a population in excel of one million – Auckland with a population of 1.46million. New Zealand has three other large metropolitan areas (June 2010- latest available): Wellington region (483,200), Christchurch region (565,800), and Hamilton region (411,500).

Table B. and C - New Zealand Consumer-Oriented Food Product Imports and New Zealand Fish & Seafood Product Imports to New Zealand

CONSUMER-ORIENTED AGRICULTURAL								
IMPORTS	2012	2012	2014					
(US\$000)	2012	2013	2014					
	\$1,008,34							
Australia	9	\$962,265	\$919,100					
United States	\$329,284	\$363,612	\$392,303					
China	\$102,693	\$104,766	\$108,790					
Singapore	\$88,888	\$97,228	\$96,418					
Netherlands	\$67,138	\$69,817	\$74,125					
Thailand	\$60,232	\$67,531	\$77,315					
France	\$56,070	\$61,056	\$65,515					
Philippines	\$58,140	\$55,204	\$44,490					
Canada	\$53,729	\$51,647	\$57,028					
Germany	\$53,398	\$46,865	\$79,673					
Denmark	\$31,390	\$42,516	\$48,156					
Italy	\$34,742	\$36,126	\$41,566					
Indonesia	\$23,662	\$33,351	\$34,555					
United Kingdom	\$27,896	\$30,812	\$30,654					
Finland	\$21,662	\$28,464	\$27,440					
Other	\$361,860	\$405,019	\$464,278					
World	\$2,379,13	\$2,456,27	2,561,40					
	3	8	7					

FISH & SEAFOOD PRODUCTS IMPORTS								
(US\$000)	2012	2013	2014					
Thailand	\$54,901	\$48,405	\$46,483					
China	\$22,298	\$25,134	\$31,830					
Vietnam	\$12,493	\$17,640	\$21,620					
New Zealand	\$3,805	\$12,667	\$15,319					
Australia	\$11,699	\$7,838	\$7,609					
United States	\$5,128	\$7,211	\$5,946					
Canada	\$8,970	\$5,553	\$7,101					
Malaysia	\$2,617	\$2,516	\$4,498					
Japan	\$1,371	\$1,909	\$1,321					
Fiji	\$1,745	\$1,745	\$1,503					
India	\$1,706	\$1,650	\$3,542					
Korea South	\$1,779	\$1,614	\$2,086					
Philippine s	\$723	\$1,419	\$4,748					
Peru	\$309	\$948	\$1,185					
Argentina	\$1,704	\$860	\$329					
Other	\$5,314	\$5,539	\$1,832					
World	\$136,56 2	\$142,64 8	\$173,43 7					

Source: Global Trade Atlas

Table D. New Zealand Imports of Agriculture, Fish & Forestry Products

New Zealand Imports	Imports from the World			Impo	orts from U.S.	the	U.S Market Share		
(Millions of U.S.	201 201 201			201	201	201	201	201	201
Dollars)	2	3	4	2	3	4	2	3	4
CONSUMER-ORIENTED AGRICULTURAL TOTAL	2,379	2,456	2,561	329	364	392	14	15	15
Snack Foods (Excl. Nuts)	299	286	281	7	8	9	2	3	3
Breakfast Cereals & Pancake Mix	61	60	54	0	1	1	1	1	2
Red Meats, Fresh/Chilled/Frozen	127	158	198	23	22	21	18	14	11

Red Meats, Prepared/Preserved	35	35	38	3	4	4	9	11	11
Dairy Products (Excl. Cheese)	125	141	138	38	46	55	31	32	40
Cheese	32	34	42	6	5	7	17	16	17
Circusc	32	34	72	O	J	,	17	10	17
Eggs & Products	2	5	4	1	2	1	26	47	20
Fresh Fruit	140	148	151	37	35	39	27	24	26
Fresh Vegetables	14	15	18	1	1	1	5	7	8
Processed Fruit & Vegetables	238	245	241	31	34	38	13	14	16
Fruit & Vegetable Juices	42	36	39	5	3	3	11	8	8
Tree Nuts	57	64	75	15	18	25	26	29	34
Wine & Beer	165	176	178	2	2	3	1	1	1
Nursery Products & Cut Flowers	7	7	9	0	0	0	5	4	3
Pet Foods (Dog & Cat Food)	86	94	102	28	34	37	32	37	37
Other Consumer-Oriented	942	955	980	130	143	143	14	15	15
Products									
FISH & SEAFOOD PRODUCTS	137	143	173	5	7	6	4	5	3
Salmon	8	7	14	1	3	3	17	41	18
Crustaceans	41	47	57	20	27	41	0	0	0
Groundfish & Flatfish	2	1	2	8	1	9	0	0	1
Molluscs	13	13	13	1	1	1	5	8	4
Other Fishery Products	72	75	87	3	3	3	4	4	3
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS TOTAL	3,676	3,864	4,172	385	424	481	10	11	12
AGRICULTURAL, FISH & FORESTRY TOTAL	3,968	4,181	4,552	401	443	503	10	11	11

Source: Global Trade Atlas

APPENDIX 2: DOMESTIC TRADE SHOWS

There are three major domestic Food Trade Shows in New Zealand:

Fine Food Show (New Zealand -June 26-28, 2016, Auckland

The Fine Food New Zealand show was first organized in 2010. It followed the same format as Fine Food Australia, which has been running successfully for many years in the annually alternating locations of Sydney and Melbourne. Fine Food is an international event and attracts companies from Europe, Australia, Asia and New Zealand. This show focuses on food and beverage, as well as hospitality products. This show is a trade-only event, and all visitors from the food industry are invited to the show.

For more information please contact the Foreign Agricultural Service office at the U.S. Embassy in Wellington:

Foreign Agricultural Service U.S. Embassy 29 Fitzherbert Terrace Thorndon Wellington 6011 New Zealand

Atn: Vinita Sharma Tel: +64-4-462 6030

Email: Vinita.sharma@usda.gov

You may also contact the show organizers directly at:

Exhibition Sales Manager Fine Food Show New Zealand PO Box 47213, Ponsonby, Auckland

Atn: Gail Lorigan Tel: +64-9-376-4603

Email: gail@finefoodsnz.co.nz

Katrina Gordon Show (major metropolitan centers)

This local food show takes place in 16 major cities of New Zealand, including Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch and Queenstown in different months throughout the year. For more information, contact:

Katrina Gordon Trade Shows PO Box 8647 Christchurch, New Zealand

Tel: 64-3-348-2042 Fax: 64-3-348-0950

Web: www.katrinagordon.co.nz